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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/475,721	12/30/1999	MATTHEW S. REIMINK	1610.1US01 6766	
27367 WESTMAN C	7590 03/19/200 HAMPLIN & KELLY,	EXAMINER		
SUITE 1400	,	HON, SOW FUN		
900 SECOND AVENUE SOUTH MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-3319			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		1772	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/19/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	1
09/475,721	REIMINK ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Sow-Fun Hon	1772	

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 15 February 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	R ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:	wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff stice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in (idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	e of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I			
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	06.07(f).		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropri inally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee coe action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,	but prior to the date of filing a brief	will not be entered b	ecause
(a) They raise new issues that would require further co			
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below	ow);	•	
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be appeal; and/or	tter form for appeal by materially re	ducing or simplifying	the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		mpliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)):		
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s). 	llowable if submitted in a separate,	timely filed amendme	ent canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		ll be entered and an e	explanation of
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			:
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		,	
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	It before or on the date of filing a N d sufficient reasons why the affidate	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> vit or other evidence is	ot be entered s necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome all rejections under appe	al and/or appellant fa	ils to provide a
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attact	ned.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered by See attachment to advisory action.	at does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowa	nce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		`
13. Other: Attachment to advisory action.		$\supset \langle z \rangle$	<u>አ</u>
	1 2	- July	4,
		RENA DYE	& '

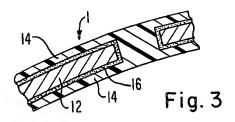
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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Response to Request for Reconsideration

- 1. The request for reconsideration filed 02/15/07 has been fully considered and deemed unpersuasive for the reasons set forth below.
- 2. Applicant argues that a dipping process places a layer having a substantially uniform thickness onto a metal substrate that conforms to the general shape of the substrate, such that a polymer coating of substantially uniform thickness does not provide a structure that is shaped differently from the structure of the substrate as claimed. Applicant further argues that the outer surface of the polymer has the same configuration as the outer surface of the metal substrate, since it is clearly shown that the metal substrate is in the form of a cupped disc and that the polymeric material follows the form of the metal substrate.

Applicant is respectfully apprised that the embodiment of the composite structure of Reul in Fig. 3, shown below, is a medical device (prosthetic heart valve, column 6, line 29) comprising a composite 1(valve member 1, column 5, line 41, Fig. 3) wherein the encapsulating polymer 14, shaded with \\ (blood compatible synthetic material 14, column 5, lines 41-44), provides a structure that defines the form of the device, which is indeed shaped differently from the inorganic substrate 12, shaded with the reverse hatch // (metal substrate 12, column 5, lines 45-47), as defined by Applicant.



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Applicant teaches that when the polymer member smoothes edges and fills in spaces, it modifies the details of the substrate (specification, page 19, lines 27-29), hence defining the shape of the composite. In addition, Reul teaches that the composite 1 has the shape of a dish (form, valve member 1, column 5, lines 8-10), and that the hinge flap is formed in one piece with the valve member, consisting of the same polymer with which the valve member is encapsulated (column 4, lines 39-45), forming a composite structure that is different from the shape of the inorganic substrate 12.

Applicant teaches that additional structure that does not result from simple application of a polymer material over the surface, note the adjective "additional", include barbs and anchors (specification, page 19, line 34, page 20, lines 1-4). Reul's hinge qualifies as a an anchor. Applicant needs to better define the structure of the inorganic substrate and the structure of the composite in order to distinguish them over the inorganic substrate and composite of Reul.

3. Applicant argues that Reul does not disclose that the heart valve flexes as it has a substantially different structure than a natural heart valve and opens and closes in a substantially different manner than a natural heart valve.

Applicant is respectfully apprised that Reul discloses that the composite is very thin (less than 0.3 – 0.4 mm, column 3, lines 40-42), such that, by virtue of its composition, which is a thin metal foil substrate and a flexible blood compatible synthetic material body (thin metal substrate, 5, lines 45-46, and coating of blood compatible synthetic material, column 5, lines 41-44, which is flexible, flap made from the same, column 6, lines 44-46, column 4, lines 39-45), it is indeed flexible, as defined

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by Applicant. Applicant teaches that a flexible component can include a thin metal foil or the like as the substrate with a flexible polymer material (specification, page 15, lines 25-30).

4. Applicant argues that in a natural heart, each of the leaflets must flex in order to open and close the valve, whereas the valve of Reul does not have the structure of a natural heart valve, having a cup-shaped disc configuration that is hingedly attached to a vessel wall at one end, wherein the flexing of this cup-shaped valve would reduce the response time of the valve and hinder its performance.

Applicant is respectfully apprised that it is unclear to the Office why the reduction of the response time of the valve would hinder its performance. Reul teaches that the valve can react almost instantaneously to the quickly changing pressure gradients inside the heart chamber and thus resembles the natural valve more closely than any other existing artificial heart valve [at the time of the invention] (column 3, lines 40-50). Thus Reul teaches that the reduction of response time of the valve is a performance attribute, and not a hindrance.

7. Applicant argues that if the valve of Reul flexes, then the response of the pressure gradient decreases in direct contrast to the disclosure of Reul. Applicant further argues that a flexing member would consume energy that would normally be used to move the cupped valve about its hinge, which is in direct contradiction to the disclosure of the Reul patent.

Applicant is respectfully reminded that first of all, that as discussed above, the composite member disclosed by Reul does flex, as defined by Applicant's specification.

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Secondly, Applicant has not demonstrated that the flexibility of Reul's valve, as defined by Applicant, would present a direct contradiction to the function of Reul's valve as disclosed by Reul. Note the qualifier "as defined by Applicant".

8. Applicant argues that the examiner has not provided evidence that the cupshaped valve as disclosed in the Reul patent must inherently flex, and that rather, in contrast, the Reul patent discloses that it would be disadvantageous for the valve to have flexing capabilities.

Applicant is respectfully reminded that Applicant teaches that a flexible component can include a thin metal foil or the like as the substrate with a flexible polymer material (specification, page 15, lines 25-30). Reul discloses that the composite is very thin (less than 0.3 – 0.4 mm, column 3, lines 40-42), such that, by virtue of its composition, which is a thin metal foil substrate and a flexible blood compatible synthetic material body (thin metal substrate, 5, lines 45-46, and coating of blood compatible synthetic material, column 5, lines 41-44, which is flexible, flap made from the same, column 6, lines 44-46, column 4, lines 39-45), it is indeed flexible, as defined by Applicant. Applicant has not provided evidence that it would be disadvantageous for the valve to have flexing capabilities in terms of the flexibility of the valve as defined by Applicant. Note the qualifier "as defined by Applicant".

9. Applicant's arguments against the secondary references are directed against the validity of the primary reference Reul, which are addressed above.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Sow-Fun Hon whose telephone number is (571)272-1492. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday from 10:00 AM to 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Harold Pyon, can be reached at (571)272-1498. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571)273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sow-Fun Hon

03/07/07

RENA DYE
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER